Source 1:
1) Identify: 江海燕, 五四时期新型知识分子的女权思想研究, 哈尔滨工业大学, June, 2006.

2) Summarize: In this article, the author makes a deep research on feminism of clerisies in the May Fourth period. She uses historical materialism to demonstrate the development of women’s rights through the May Fourth period. The author discussed political, economic, and cultural rights of women, as well as marriage, personal, and family rights.

3) Assess: The author uses many reliable sources written by famous scholars about representative leaders’ ideas on feminism in the May Fourth period. The author also compounds resources from academic journals and newspapers.

4) Reflect: This source points out characteristics of feminism that the new clerisies pursued in the May Fourth period. It takes women’s political awakening as core spirit, and demonstrates the significance of feminism of the new clerisies in the May Fourth period.

Source 2:
1) Identify: 陈东原, 中国妇女生活史, 上海书店, 1983.

2) Summarize: This book includes women’s lives from ancient China all the way to the May Fourth period. It talks about rules of women under different form of societies, and illustrates the change in treatment of women and change in women’s statuses through history. This book is objective, which the author only illustrates laws, historic events and phenomena.

3) Assess: This source provides me a lot of evidences about women’s lives. It is reliable because the book is published by 商务印书馆, a famed publishing company in China. This source is very useful for writing my research paper. It shows the whole process of women’s movement, the development of feminism and demonstrates their successes and failures.

4) Reflect: From this book, I can see the change in people’s views about women as well as change in rules of women. It shows how women stepped forward from the bottom of society. It also shows how feminism was motivated and the reflection on the crowds of new ideas in gender.

Source 3:
1) Identify: 陈文联, 五四时期妇女运动史研究概述, 湖南城市学院报, 2003年第1期

2) Summarize: The author discusses about the accomplishments of women’s movement in the
early twentieth century. He also writes about the reason why women’s movements were prospering in the May Fourth period.

3) Assess: This source is very useful for the writing of my research paper. The author does a lot of reading about feminism in the May Fourth period, and most of his references are from academic journals or newspapers, published by famed universities and education centers.

4) Reflect: The theme of this source perfectly fits my research question. This article includes many ideas about feminism from political leaders in the May Fourth period. It talks about some aspects about feminism in the May Fourth period, including features, change, successes and failures.

Source 4:
1) Identify: 张莲波, 中国近代妇女解放的思想历程, 河南大学出版社, 1840-1921

2) Summarize: Zhang talks about what feminism is, and how does feminism developed through history. The author tries to find out the beginning of feminism in China and analyzes the development of it. Zhang thinks feminism in China was tangled with communism ideas, or as a part of revolution against capitalism.

3) Assess: The author discusses the form of feminism from late Qing to the early twentieth century. She cites many reliable sources, and her tone in this book is objective.

4) Reflect: This resource is very helpful to me. The author talks about different stages of feminism as time goes. She also researches on active people who devote themselves to women’s movements and people who were leaders of revolutions that mentioned feminism.

Source 5:
1) Identify: 章开沅, 辛亥革命辞典, 武汉出版社, 1991

2) Summarize: This is a dictionary of all important terms in the late Qing period. There are many newspapers and magazines published by young people who supported feminism in the dictionary. Information in the dictionary allows me to learn about the magazines with clearly written introductions. The dictionary also addresses the date the magazines were published.

3) Assess: This source is very useful for addressing many primary sources to my research paper, and I can get to know more details of how feminism developed during the late Qing period. As for a dictionary that was widely used, information in the dictionary is accurate.

4) Reflect: The dictionary clearly present information about terms during and after the 1911 Revolution. Definitions and introductions of newspapers or magazines are clear and accurate. I am able to find the effect of feminism to the crowd on each newspaper.